Exploiting Hormones To Change The Architecture Of Wheat





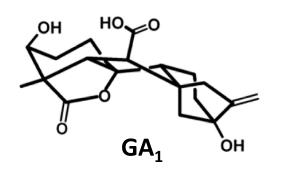


Steve Thomas (steve.thomas@rothamsted.ac.uk)



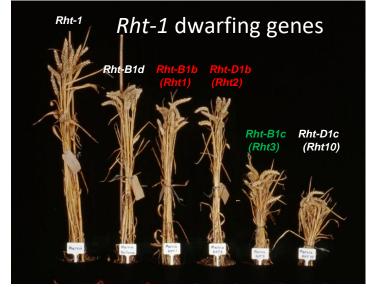
Rht-1 Dwarfing Genes And Gibberellins





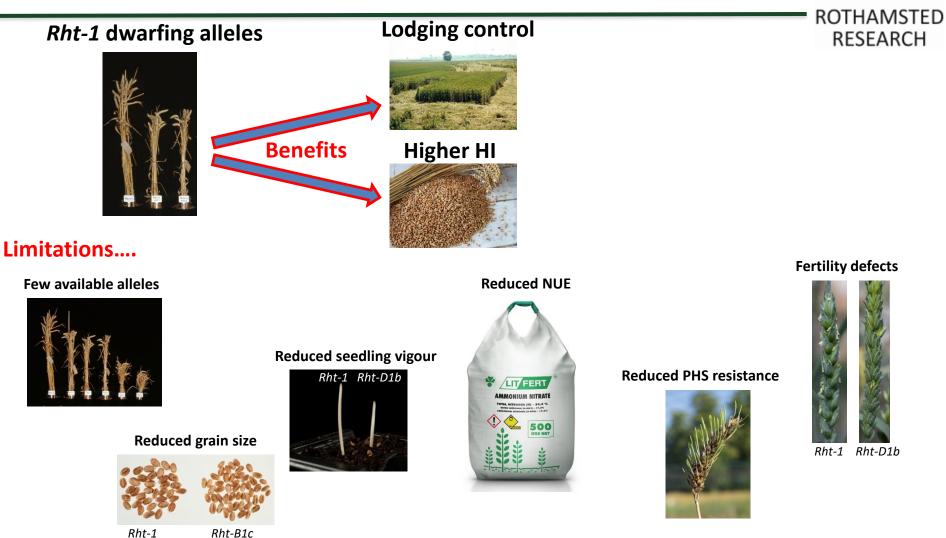
Gibberellins promote stem elongation





Peng et al. 1999 and Pearce et al. 2011

Why Do We Need New Wheat Dwarfing Alleles?

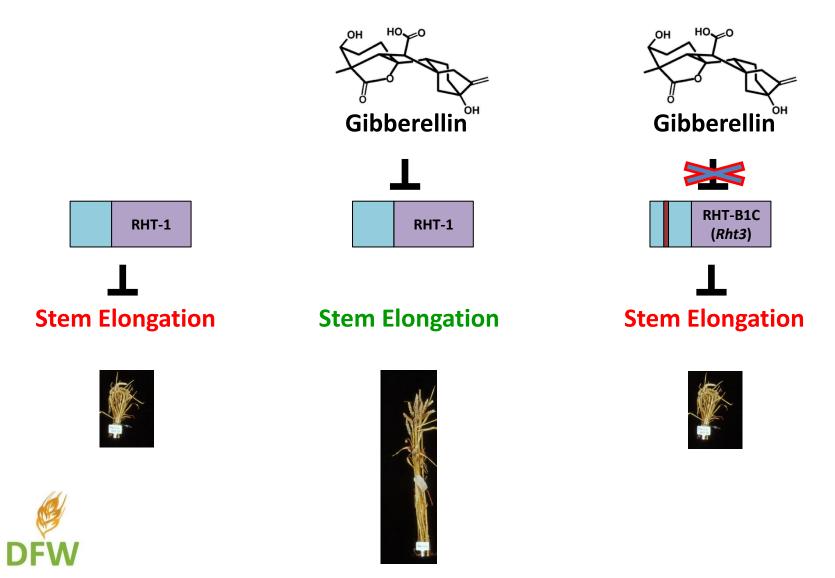




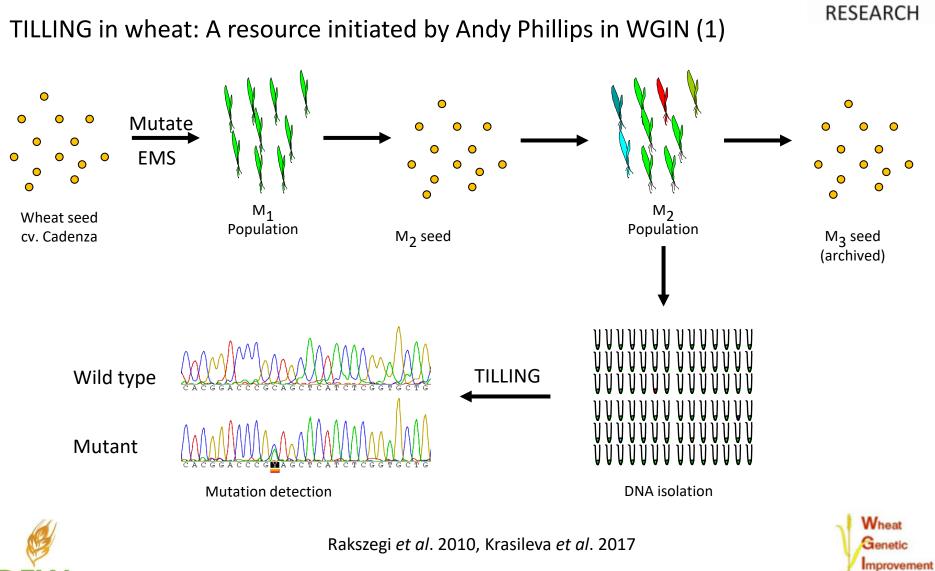
Strategy: Generate a wide selection of new *Rht-1* alleles

The Mode of Action Of Rht-1 Dwarfing Genes





TILLING To Generate New Rht-1 Dwarfing Genes



Network

ROTHAMSTED

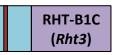
Generating New Rht-1 Dwarfing Alleles Using TILLING













Assessment of 2nd Generation Wheat Dwarfing Alleles



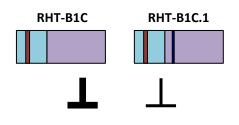








Rht-B1c suppressor screen



Stem Elongation

Chemical mutagen



Perform a similar EMS-based screen using our *Rht-A1* and *D1* Alleles



Rht-D1e Rht-A1b Rht-D1f Cadenza



Chandler and Harding (2013)

Screening For New Rht-1 Dwarfing Alleles In The Field



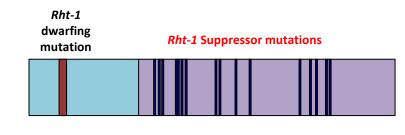




Identifying New *Rht-1* **Dwarfing Alleles**

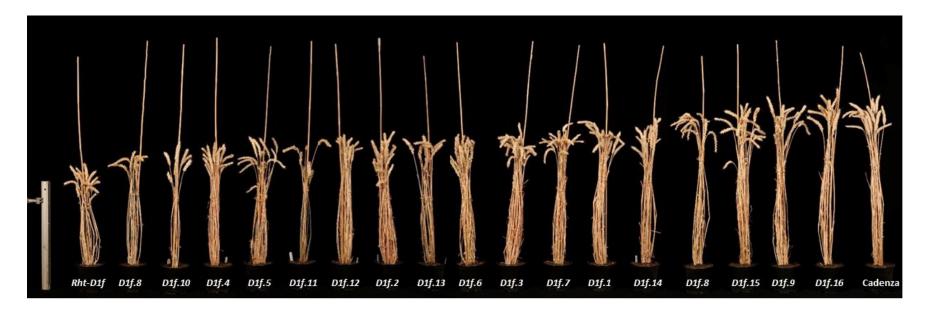












- Sixteen new *Rht-1* dwarfing alleles have been introgressed into elite wheat varieties. Field assessment to commence in 2023.
- Perfect markers available.
- Phenotypic data (cv. Cadenza) has been collected from 3 years of field trials.







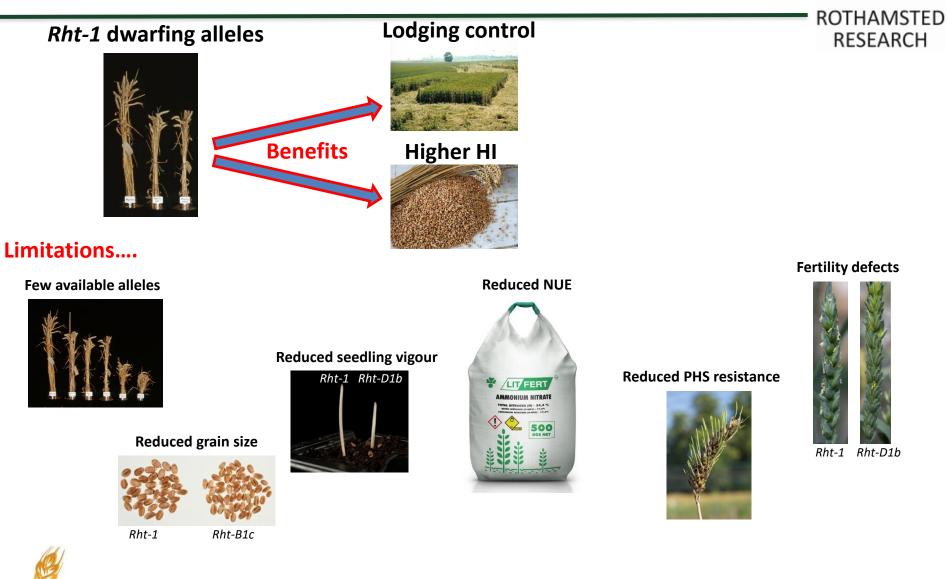
- The new alleles provide consistent effects on height reduction in the field.
- Grain yield data has identified some promising alleles.

Allele	Height reduction (2019) *	Height reduction (2020)	Grain yield (85% DM; 2020)
Rht-D1b (Rht2)	22%	19%	+3%
Rht-D1f	37%	35%	+10%
Rht-D1e	32%	33%	+13%
Rht-D1f.2	17%	21%	+12%
Rht-D1f.4	17%	19%	+12%
Rht-D1e.2	24%	24%	+12%
Rht-D1f.4	17%	19%	+12%
Rht-D1f.12	26%	26%	+8%
Rht-D1e.1	24%	22%	+2%
Rht-D1f.5	20%	19%	0%
Rht-D1f.10	21%	21%	-4%
Rht-D1f.8	5%	7%	-14%

* compared to Cadenza



Do The New Dwarfing Alleles Provide Other Improved Traits?



DFW

Do The New *Rht-1* Dwarfing Alleles Provide Better Resistance To Preharvest Sprouting?



Preharvest Sprouting

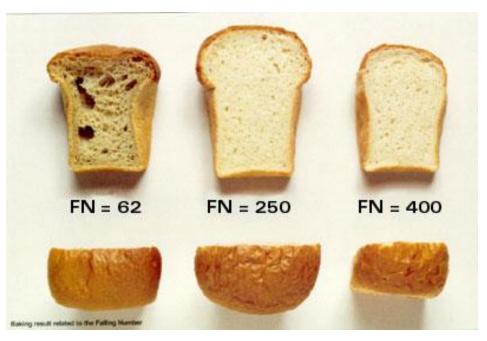


The result of premature germination of grain under adverse weather conditions

Germination results in gibberellin controlled $\alpha\text{-}$ amylase expression, leading to loss of breadmaking quality.

Some *Rht-1* alleles improve preharvest sprouting resistance and reduce α -amylase expression

HFN and breadmaking quality



Low HFN (high amylase) leads to poor quality bread

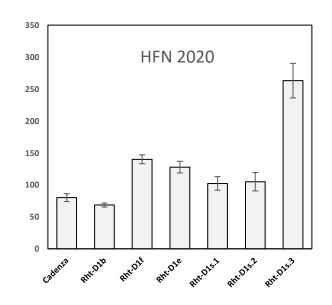


New Rht-1 Alleles Have Higher HFN Values

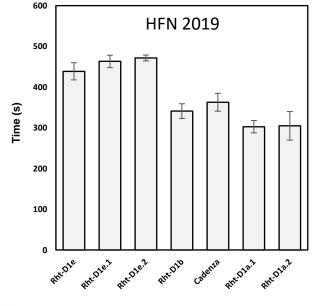


August 2020 was wet!



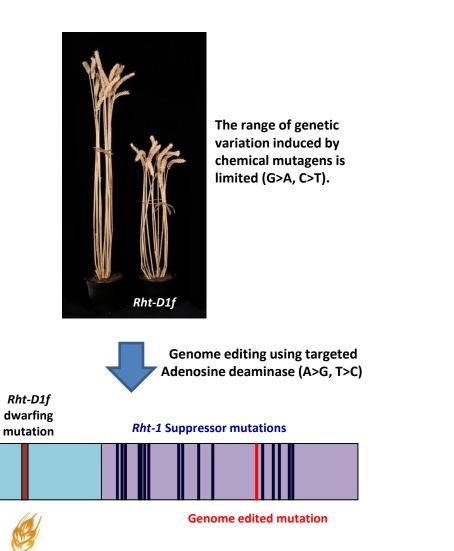


New Rht-1 alleles have higher HFN











Rht-D1f

Rht-D1f derived Genome edited mutants Cadenza

Alison Huttly and Andy Phillips





- An extensive collection of new *Rht-1* dwarfing alleles have been generated.
- Some of the alleles may provide resistance to PHS and improve grain quality.
- Knowledge of the gibberellin pathway in wheat is allowing us to conduct targeted approaches to generate new material.

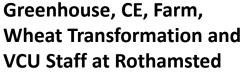


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Wheat Genetic mprovement **Network**

